

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD

CONSERVATION COVER

(Acre)

CODE 327

DEFINITION

Establishing and maintaining permanent vegetative cover to protect soil and water resources.

PURPOSES

- Reduce soil erosion and sedimentation.
- Improve water quality.
- Enhance wildlife habitat.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies on land to be retired from agricultural production requiring permanent protective cover, and on other lands needing permanent protective cover. This practice does not apply to plantings for forage production or to critical area plantings.

CRITERIA

General Criteria Applicable to All Purposes

Species shall be adapted to soil, range site, and climate conditions.

Species planted shall be suitable for the planned purpose and site conditions.

Seeding rates shall be adequate to accomplish the planned purpose. All vegetative establishment will follow the guidance in [Appendix 1](#).

The application of a dead litter cover, where needed, will follow the guidance in [Appendix 2](#).

Planting dates, planting methods and care in handling and planting of the seed or planting stock shall ensure that planted materials have an acceptable rate of survival.

Only viable, high quality and adapted seed or planting stock shall be used.

Legume seed shall be inoculated with the proper Rhizobia bacteria before planting.

Site preparation shall be sufficient for establishment and growth of selected species.

Timing and use of equipment shall be appropriate for the site and soil conditions. All seed shall be placed in contact with mineral soil. When seed is broadcast, a packing implement will firm the seeded area. After broadcast seeding, a drag, rotary hoe or similar implement will be used for seed incorporation.

Vegetative manipulation will be accomplished by mechanical, biological or chemical methods, prescribed burning, or a combination of the four. If burning is used alone or in combination with the other methods, Prescribed Burning, practice code 338, must be included as a planned practice.

All nutrients shall be applied according to practice standard, 590, Nutrient Management.

Pest management control methods will be applied according to practice standard, 595, Pest Management.

Broken terraces must be repaired to function as designed or completely removed. Terraces will be maintained to serve the intended purpose or removal will be accomplished by smoothing the terrace ridge.

Conservation practice standards are reviewed periodically and updated if needed. To obtain the current version, Contact the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

FOTG, Section 4
NRCS, Texas
July, 2000

Additional Criteria for Water Quality

In critically eroding areas in a field, where special treatment is needed, the guidance in practice standard, 342, Critical Area Treatment, will be followed.

Additional Criteria for Enhancing Wildlife Habitat**Planting/Establishment**

Grasses, forbs, and legumes shall be planted in mixes to encourage maximum plant diversity. The guidance found in the practice standards, 644, Wetland Wildlife Habitat Management and, 645, Upland Wildlife Habitat Management, will be followed.

Management/Maintenance

Methods used shall be designed to protect the soil resource from erosion.

Maintenance practices and activities shall not disturb cover during the reproductive period for grassland wildlife species.

Maintenance measures shall be adequate to control undesirable weed and woody species.

To benefit insect food sources for grassland nesting birds, spraying or other control of noxious weeds shall be done on a "spot" basis to protect forbs and legumes that benefit native pollinators and other wildlife.

CONSIDERATIONS

This practice may be used to promote the conservation of wildlife species in general, including threatened and endangered species.

Where applicable this practice may be used to conserve and stabilize archeological and historic sites.

Consider rotating management and maintenance activities (e.g. mow only one-fourth or one-third of the area each year) throughout the managed area to maximize spatial and temporal diversity.

Where wildlife management is an objective, selecting desirable plant species and providing or managing for other habitat requirements necessary to achieve the objective can enhance the food and cover value of the planting.

Use native species when available. Consider trying to re-establish the native plant community for the site

If a native cover (other than what was planted) establishes, and this cover meets the intended purpose and the landowner's objectives, the cover should be considered adequate.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications for this practice shall be prepared for each site. They shall include, but are not limited to, recommended species, seeding rates and dates, establishment procedures, and other management actions needed to insure an adequate stand. Specifications shall be recorded using approved specifications sheets, job sheets, narrative statements in the conservation plan, or other acceptable documentation.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Maintenance practices and activities should not disturb cover during the primary nesting period for grassland species. Exceptions should be considered for periodic burning or mowing when it is necessary to maintain the health of the plant community. Mowing may be needed during the establishment period to reduce competition from annual weeds. Weeds will be controlled to prevent proliferation and spreading to adjacent fields.

Annual mowing of the conservation cover stand for general weed control is not recommended.

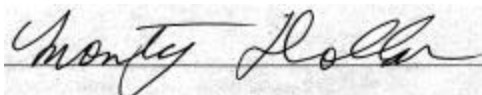
Any use of fertilizers, pesticides and other chemicals shall not compromise the intended purpose.

APPROVAL AND CERTIFICATION**CONSERVATION COVER**

(acre)

CODE 327

PRACTICE STANDARD APPROVED:

July 5, 2000

State Agronomist

Date

This practice standard is needed in the _____ Field Office Technical Guide.

District Conservationist_____
Date

CERTIFICATION:

Reviewed and determined adequate without need of revision.

Zone Agronomist_____
Date

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